

FFL Principle 9- Protect the Waterfront Middle School

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Program Type: FFL Protect the Waterfront

Duration: End of quarter project

Standards:

SC.7.L.17.1: Investigate and describe how environmental changes affect ecosystems.

SC.7.E.6.6: Describe effects of pollution on water quality and aquatic ecosystems.

SC.7.E.6.3: Explain how human activities affect water quality.

SC.7.N.1.5: Describe importance of accurate data collection and analysis.

Learning Objectives:

Explain how waterfront areas are affected by stormwater runoff and pollution.

Identify key principles of Florida-Friendly Landscaping that help protect water quality.

Describe specific landscaping practices that reduce pollution entering waterways.

Propose landscaping solutions to protect local waterfront environments.

Guiding Questions: How can landscape be developed to protect the environment? How does wind and water affect the landscape?

Intended Outcomes

As a result of the program, what I want my audience to LEARN...

Recognize that all land in Florida is in a watershed

Understand the value of vegetation along shorelines that include areas for shelter, nesting and food for species

Gather knowledge about the impact of shoreline erosion to prevent damage to areas

Determine the similarities and differences between living shorelines, seawalls, and rip rap

As a result of the program, I want my audience to ACT by...

Research the local area watershed

Observe examples and non-examples of shorelines that are effective

Research which plants would be most effective to use to develop a landscape

Design a template to create a FFL landscape

Assessment: (How will you know your audience has reached your intended outcomes)

Exit tickets

Lab Notebook with research

Physical model in a plastic tub of the landscape design

Schedule Layout:

Engage (10 minutes): Introduce the topic of water pollution protection with images of FFL presentation

Ask: "What happens to rainwater when it falls near homes or waterfronts?" Discuss stormwater runoff and its potential to carry pollutants to water bodies.

Show pictures comparing waterfront areas with traditional landscaping vs. Florida-Friendly Landscaping

Items Needed:

Presentation

Explore (15 minutes): Introduce Florida-Friendly Landscaping principles:

- Use of native plants
- Minimizing fertilizer and pesticide use
- Creating buffer zones near waterways

Presentation from Summer Workshop

 Managing irrigation efficiently 	
Discuss how these practices reduce pollution and protect aquatic habitats.	
Elaborate (10 minutes): Students will create a model landscape using a river, lake,	Plastic Tubs, Clay, Newspaper,
pond or coastal shoreline.	Rocks, Sand, Water
In small groups, students design a simple landscaping plan for a waterfront	
property using Florida-Friendly principles by drawing the outline of the waterway	
and surrounding land here (use graph paper or draw to scale), including:	
Waterway (river, lake, pond)	
Shoreline or bank	
Existing trees and plants	
 Pathways or walkways 	
Structures (docks, benches, fences)	
Indicate where you will place:	
 Native plants (list specific species if known) 	
 Buffer zones (areas to filter runoff near water) 	
 Rain gardens or bioswales (areas to collect stormwater) 	
Mulch or ground cover areas	
Irrigation points (if any)	
Students will test the models for water and wind erosion	Fan and Wavemaker
Students will create a lab report to discuss the results	
Students will develop a landscaping plan to determine how to make a FFL area	Landscape template
Evaluate (5 minutes):	
Exit ticket: Students write one way Florida-Friendly Landscaping protects water	
quality and one practice they would recommend for their community	