

FFL Principle 4- Mulch Matters

Middle School

Christy Giuliano, Kanapaha Middle School

Program Type: Introduction		Duration: 1-2 classes, 75 minutes
Standards: SC.6.E.7.6: Differentiate among radiation, conduction, and convection, the three mechanisms by which heat is transferred through Earth's system. <i>(linked when discussing how mulch affects soil temperature)</i> SC.7.L.17.3: Describe and investigate various limiting factors in ecosystems and their impact on native populations. <i>(linked to mulch as it relates to water retention and plant health)</i> SC.8.L.18.4: Cite evidence that living systems follow the Laws of Conservation of Mass and Energy. <i>(linked when discussing nutrient cycling in mulched vs. bare soil systems)</i>		
Learning Objectives: Students will understand the ecological and practical importance of mulching by examining how mulch: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conserves soil moisture • Regulates soil temperature • Reduces weed growth • Adds organic matter • Prevents erosion 		
Guiding Questions: Why is it important to apply mulch?		
Intended Outcomes		
As a result of the program, what I want my audience to LEARN... The importance and ecological benefits of mulch application in a Florida-friendly landscaping context.	As a result of the program, I want my audience to ACT by... Walk school grounds and sample mulched areas.	Assessment: (How will you know your audience has reached your intended outcomes) Present their findings to the class
Schedule Layout:		Items Needed:
Introduction 5-7 min Ask: "Have you ever seen wood chips or straw around trees and plants? Why do you think they're there?" Show a quick time-lapse video of mulched vs. non-mulched soil drying out.		Time lapse video of mulched vs. non-mulched soil drying out.
Student Handout: What Is Mulch and Why Is It Important? Principle #4 Mulch Florida Friendly Landscaping Program		Free FFL Principle #4 Mulch https://ffl.ifas.ufl.edu/media/fflifasufledu/docs/FFL-Handbook_revisio
Look at school map and assign students different areas to observe (5-10 minutes)		Worksheet , school map, moisture meter (optional), thermometer , clip board
Complete data collection (25 minutes): Place students into groups with pre-assigned tasks (scribe, data collector, artist, etc) and		Data Collection Worksheet

location determined before activity begins- set a time limit and monitor students.

Details:

Scaffolding and Support

For Struggling Learners or ELLs:

- Provide **sentence starters** and **word banks** (e.g., “Mulch helps plants by...” or “I observed that...”).
- Offer **visual vocabulary cards** (e.g., erosion, mulch, temperature).
Allow oral instead of written reflection if needed.
- Use **peer support or buddy system**.

Extension for Advanced Learners

- Have students research different types of mulch (pine bark, straw, compost) and their pros/cons.
- Ask them to **design an experiment** to test mulch types or long-term effects on plant growth
- Integrate **data graphing** and analysis (e.g., line graphs of soil temperature or moisture).
- Connect with SC.8.L.18.4 by mapping nutrient cycles with and without mulch.

Assessment Suggestions:

Formative:

- Observe group work, participation in discussion.
- Use student worksheet as informal check for understanding.

Summative:

- Student **presentations** (can be visual, oral, or written).
- Optional **exit slip**: “One way mulch helps the environment is...”